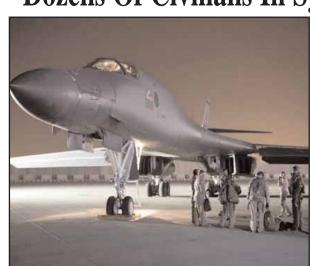
US Military Hid Airstrikes That Killed Saif Al-Islam, Son Of former Libyan **Dozens Of Civilians In Syria: Report**



WASHINGTON: The US military covered up 2019 airstrikes in Syria that killed up to 64 women and children, a possible war crime, during the battle against Islamic State, the New York Times reported on Saturday.

The two back-to-back airstrikes near the town of Baghuz were ordered by a classified American special operations unit tasked with ground operations in Syria, according to the report.

The newspaper said that U.S. Central Command, which oversaw U.S. air operations in Syria, acknowledged the strikes for the first time this week and said they were justified. In a statement on

Fake emails purported-

Department of Homeland

Security warning of

cyberattacks were sent

out Saturday from a

secure FBI computer

server, computer security

The FBI confirmed

group Spamhaus's report

that a large number of

fake emails were sent in

two waves early Saturday

from an address on the

Enforcement Enterprise

Portal, which is used by

Some of the emails,

sent in the name of the

Homeland Security cyber

threat detection group,

were headlined: "Urgent:

They warned recipients

that they were the target

of a "sophisticated" hack-

ing attack from a known

security expert Brian

to Spamhaus.

Independent

threat actor in systems."

security

government

experts said.

independent

government's

multiple

agencies.

paper that 80 people were killed in the strikes including 16 ISIS fighters and four civilians. The military said it was unclear if the other 60 people were civilpartly because women and children could have been combatants.

In Saturday's statement, the military said the strikes "legitimate selfdefense," proportional and that "appropriate steps were taken to rule out the presence of civilians."

"We abhor the loss of innocent life and take all possible measures to prevent them. In this case, we self-reported and investigated the strike according to our own evidence and take full responsibility for the unintended loss of Command reiterated the life," Central Command account it gave the news-said. The number of civil-

received a fake email

from the FBI address,

though with a different

In a statement, the FBI

the

confirmed the incident,

aware of the incident this

morning involving fake

@ic.fbi.gov email account," they said in a

uation and we are not able

to provide any additional

information at this time.

The impacted hardware

was taken offline quickly

upon discovery of the

issue. We continue to

encourage the public to

be cautious of unknown

senders and urge you to

report suspicious activi-

There was no indication

sent -- whether by some-

one using legitimate

access to the server or a

ty," it added.

extortion gang, according of how the emails were

"This is an ongoing sit-

"The FBI and CISA are

without offering details.

message.

emails

statement.

Cybersecurity

Infrastructure

and

UN Climate Deal "A Big Step

ians among the 60 fatalities could not be determined because "multiple armed women and at least one child observed" in video of the events, it said, adding that the majority of the 60 were

likely combatants. Central Command said the strikes took place while Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) were under heavy fire and in danger of being overrun and the SDF had reported the area clear of

civilians. The Defense Department's inspector general launched an inquiry into the March 18, 2019, incident, but its report was ultimately "stripped" of any mention of the bombing and a thorough, independent probe never took place, according to the Times. The newspaper said its report was based on confidential documents and descriptions of classified reports, as well as interviews with directly personnel

An Air Force lawyer present in the operations center at the time believed the strikes were possible war crimes and later alert-Defense Department's inspector general and the Senate Armed Services Committee when no action was taken, the Times said.

Forward": UK's Boris Johnson Moves To New York With Husband

Japan's former princess

Mako Komuro departed for

the United States on Sunday

with her husband, swapping

bright lights of New York

after leaving the royal fami-

Tokyo last month in muted

fashion, following years of

tabloid gossip and online sniping over their union that

Komuro said caused her

A move to the United

States had long been rumoured. The two 30-year-

olds finally boarded a com-

mercial flight Sunday from

Tokyo to New York, where

Kei Komuro attended law

and airport officials, the cou-

ple passed before some 100

journalists and cameramen

without responding to ques-

Emperor Naruhito, lost her

royal title when she married

a commoner under post-war

succession laws that also

only allow male members of

the imperial family to ascend

the throne. After announcing

their engagement in 2017,

the Komuros were confront-

Mako, the niece of

Heavily guarded by police

school and now works.

sadness and pain".

The pair tied the knot in

Ruler Gaddafi, Runs For President

TRIPOLI: The son of Libya's late dictator Muammar Gaddafi appeared for nearly the first time in a decade on Sunday to register as a presidential candidate for a December vote planned to help end the years of chaos since his father was toppled.

commission video in traditional brown robe and turban, and with a grey beard and glasses, signing documents at the election centre in the southern town of Sebha. Gaddafi is one of the most prominent - and controversial - figures expected to run for president, a list that also includes eastern military commander Khalifa Prime Minister Abdulhamid al-Dbeibah and parliament speaker Aguila Saleh. However, while his name is one of the best known in Libya, and though he once played a major role in shaping policy before the 2011 NATObacked uprising that destroyed his family's regime, he has

Saif al-Islam al-Gaddafi,

49, appeared in an electoral

barely been seen for a decade. His formal entry into an election whose rules are still contested by Libya's squabbling factions may also cast new questions over a contest that features candidates viewed in some regions as unacceptable.

Despite the public backing of most Libyan factions and foreign powers for elections on Dec. 24, the vote remains in doubt as rival entities bicker over the rules and schedule. A major conference in Paris on Friday agreed to sanction any who disrupt or prevent the vote, but with less than six

Japan's Former Princess Mako

agreement on rules to govern who should be able to run. While Gaddafi is likely to play on nostalgia for the era before the 2011 NATO-backed uprising that swept his father from power and ushered in a decade of chaos and violence, analysts say he may not prove to be a

front runner. The Gaddafi era is still remembered by many Libyans as one of harsh autocracy, while Saif al-Islam and other former regime figures have been out of power for so long they may find it difficult to mobilise as much support as major rivals. Muammar al-Gaddafi was captured outside his hometown of Sirte by opposition fighters in Oct. 2011 and summarily shot. Saif al-Islam was seized days later by fighters from the mountainous Zintan region as he tried to flee Libya for Niger.

Just over a decade later, Saif al-Islam is now something of a cipher for Libyans. The Zintan fighters kept him for years out of public sight and his views on the crisis are not known. He gave an interview to the New York Times earlier this year, but has not yet made any pubappearance speaking Libyans. Complicating his presidential ambitions, Gaddafi was tried in absentia in 2015 by a Tripoli court at which he appeared via videolink from Zintan, and which sentenced him to death for war crimes including killing protesters during the 2011 revolt.

He would likely face arrest or other dangers if he appeared publicly in the capital Tripoli. He is also wanted by the

COP26 Deal Clinched As Nations Rally To Compromise

GLASGOW, UNITED KINGDOM: Nearly 200 nations came together Saturday on a global deal to combat climate change after two weeks of painful negotiation, but fell short of what science says is needed to contain dangerous temperature rises.

Rich countries stood accused of failing at the COP26 summit in Glasgow to deliver much-needed finance to vulnerable states that are at risk of drought.

rising seas, fire and storms.
Britain's COP26 president Alok Sharma rounded up the marathon negotiations telling delegates: "It is now decision time. And the choices you are set to make are vitally important."

But there was last-gasp drama as China and India insisted that language on fossil fuels be weakened in the final summit decision text. As the final deal was clinched, a tearful Sharma said "I apologise for the way this process has unfolded. I am deeply sorry, before banging down his gavel.

Delegates entered the talks charged with keeping the 2015 Paris Agreement goal of limiting temperature rises to 1.5-2C degrees within reach. They were also tasked with finding the funding for nations most at risk of climate-related droughts, floods and storms supercharged by rising seas.

Observers said the agreement fell far short of what is needed to avert dangerous

Europe hits highest weekly COVID-19 cases since pandemic began GENEVA: The World

Organization

(WHO) has informed that almost two million cases of COVID-19 were reported in Europe last week, the most in a single week in that region since the pandemic started. Almost 27 thousand deaths were reported in the continent last week, more than half of all COVID-19 deaths globally, UN News reported WHO data. WHO Director-General Ghebreyesus, while speaking to journalists in Geneva, explained that the virus is not only surging in countries with lower vaccination rates in Eastern Europe, but also in nations with some of the world's highest vaccination rates in Western Europe. another reminder, as we have said again and again, that vaccines do not replace the need for other precautions", Tedros Vaccines reduce the risk of hospitalization, severe disease and death, but they do not fully prevent transmission". The UN News report said that WHO continues to recommend the proportionate use of testing, masks, physical dis-



warming and help countries adapt or recoup damages from the disasters already unfurling globally.

Laurence Tubiana, the architect of the Paris deal, told AFP that "COP has failed to provide immediate assistance for people suffering now.'

Sharma earlier told delegates in the final throes of marathon talks that they faced a "moment of truth for our planet, for our children and our grandchildren". - Survival -

The final text urged nations to accelerate efforts to "phase down" unfiltered coal and "phase out" inefficient fossil fuel subsidies.

Large emitters China and India had opposed the mention of the polluting fuels, and the language in the final text was significantly more nuanced than earlier drafts.

The deal also called on all countries to accelerate their emissions cuts by submitting new national plans by 2022, three years earlier than agreed in Paris.

But after resistance from rich nations led by the United States and EU, the text omitted any reference to a specific finance facility for the loss and damage climate change has already caused in the developing world. It instead only promised future "dialogue" on the subject.

"For some loss and damage may be the beginning of conversation and dialogue," Maldives environment minister. "But for us this is a matter of survival.'

Although host Britain said it wanted COP26 to keep the 1.5C temperature cap in reach, a UN scientific assessment last week said countries' latest climate plans put Earth on course to heat 2.7C.

The text noted "with deep regret" that wealthy nations had also failed to stump up a separate annual sum of \$100 billion they promised over a decade ago. It urged countries to pay up "urgently and through 2025".

It also promised to double finance to help developing countries adapt to rising temperatures by the same

- 1.5C on life support -

But developing nations said it was unfair for the summit to produce an unbalanced agreement heavily weighted toward "mitigation" economies can ditch fossil fuels and reach net-zero emissions by 2050.

They wanted specific instruction on how they can meet the bill of decarbonising while also adapting to the natural disasters supercharged by global warming.
"We were told that
COP26 was the last best chance to keep 1.5C alive

but it's been placed on life support," Mukwashi, Amanda CEO of

UN Climate Deal "A Big Step Forward": UK's Boris Johnson

LONDON, UNITED to contain dangerous tem-KINGDOM: British Prime Minister Boris Johnson on Saturday called the deal struck at the UN COP26 climate change summit "a big step forward" but warned there was "a huge amount

more to do". "There is still a huge amount more to do in the coming years," Johnson said after the Glasgow sum-

mit. "But today's agreement is a big step forward and, critically, we have the first ever international agreement to coal and roadmap to limit global warming to 1.5 degrees," he added.

Nearly 200 nations came together on the global deal to combat climate change after two weeks of painful negotiation, but fell short of what science says is needed

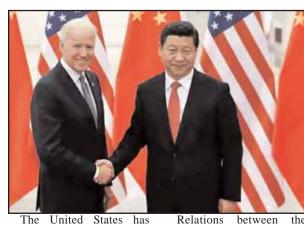
perature rises. British leader Johnson

whose government hosted the event, said "we asked nations to come together for our planet at COP26, and they have answered that

"I hope that we will look back on COP26 in Glasgow as the beginning of the end of climate change, and I will continue to work tirelessly towards that goal," he

Britain's COP26 president Alok Sharma rounded tions telling delegates: "It is now decision time. And the choices you are set to make are vitally important."

But China and India insisted that language on fossil fuels be weakened in the final summit decision



warned China over its pressure on Taiwan, the State Department said Saturday as the two powers gird for a

hotly awaited summit. Secretary of State Antony Blinken spoke with Foreign Minister Wang Yi and "expressed concern regarding the PRC's continued military, diplomatic, and economic pressure against Taiwan," the department said in a statement.<President Joe Biden and his Chinese counterpart Xi Jinping are set to hold a virtual summit Monday evening Washington time.

Blinken and Wang spoke Friday to discuss preparations for the summit, with the secretary reported to have "urged Beijing to engage in meaningful dialogue to resolve cross-Strait issues peacefully and in a manner consistent with the wishes and best interests of the people on Taiwan."

two economies have deteriorated, in part over Taiwan, a selfruling democracy claimed by Beijing, but also over trade, human rights and other

signaled its support for Taiwan in the face of what it has described as Chinese aggression.

where interests align."

Biden and Xi have talked by phone twice since the veteran Democrat moved into the White House. The pair Biden was Barack Obama's vice president, and Xi was vice president to Hu Jintao.

Biden had hoped to meet Xi at a recent G20 summit in Rome, but the Chinese leader has not traveled since the start of the Covid-19 pandemic and instead agreed to virtual talks by the end of the

"I've noted repeatedly, over the past 10 months, that the relationship with China is among the most consequential and also most complex that we have," Blinken said

"It has different elements in it -- some cooperative, some competitive and others adversarial and we will manage all three at the same

Biden has largely kept the tougher approach on Beijing of his predecessor Donald Trump, with both administrations considering a rising China as the top challenge of the 21st century. On Thursday Xi warned

against a return to Cold Warera divisions, in remarks to a virtual business conference on the sidelines of the Asia-Economic Cooperation summit. "Attempts to draw ideolog-

ical lines or form small cir-

cles on geopolitical grounds are bound to fail," he said. "The Asia-Pacific region cannot and should not relapse into the confrontation and division of the Cold War era."

Japan's royals are held to exacting standards, and the Imperial Household Agency said Mako developed comfor Kei to travel to the plex post-traumatic stress disorder because of the media attention. "I have been scared, feeling sadness and pain when-

ever one-sided rumours turn into groundless stories," Mako said at a press conference after their marriage. Kei said he felt "very sad

alleging that Kei's family had run into financial diffi-

culties.

that Mako has been in a bad condition, mentally and physically", declaring: "I love Mako. We only get one life, and I want us to spend it with the one we love.'

The controversy surrounding the pair, and their US move, has drawn inevitable comparisons with another royal couple: Britain's Prince Harry and Meghan Markle.

Komuros, who met at university in Tokyo, have already secured a place to live in the Big Apple.

The original plan had been

Japanese media said the

United States ahead of Mako, with the former princess joining him after she got her first passport, reports said. But Kei stayed in Japan longer than expected to attend the funeral of Mako's

grandfather.<Japan's emperor holds no political power, but is an important symbolic figurehead. With a dwindling supply of male royals, there has

been some debate over changing the rules in Japan, with polls showing the public broadly support women being allowed to rule. But any change is likely to

be slow, with traditionalists vehemently opposed.

UK's Queen Elizabeth Suffers 'Sprained Back': Buckingham Palace

LONDON: Queen Elizabeth II has a "sprained back" and will miss Sunday's Remembrance service -- her first planned public appearance since resting on medical advice, Buckingham Palace said.

The ceremony honouring fallen troops is close to the monarch's heart and her absence will deepen concerns over her health after she stepped back on medical advice and spent a night in hospital undergoing unspecified tests at the end of last month.

She then resumed "light duties", but pulled out of a scheduled attendance at the UN climate change summit in Glasgow after being advised to rest.

"The Queen, having sprained her back, has decided this morning with great regret that she will not be able to attend today's Remembrance Sunday Service at the Cenotaph," a palace statement said.

"Her Majesty is disappointed that she will miss the service.' Her son Prince Charles

will lay a wreath on her behalf, as in previous years. Charles and his son Prince William represented the family in Glasgow, making a series of speech-

A two-day trip to Northern Ireland was also shelved as was her appearance Tuesday at the General Synod, the national assembly of the Church of England which she heads. The 95-year-old was due to view Sunday's annual service in London from a

balcony, as she has done since 2017, when she handed over some duties to younger members of the family. "Mindful of her doctors' recent advice, The Queen

the statement said. 'She's Alright' Queen Elizabeth II succeeded her father, King George VI, in 1952 and next year is her Platinum

has decided not to attend",

Jubilee, marking her 70th year on the throne. She returned to her Windsor Castle residence, west of London, on Tuesday, after a longplanned weekend away at her Sandringham estate in

The palace has previously said it was her "firm intention" to attend Remembrance Sunday's event, which brings together veterans, their families and political leaders.

eastern England.

The Queen, who also pulled out of the separate Festival of Remembrance event on Saturday, is head of the Armed Forces and served as a mechanic during World War II. Royal aides have blamed

a busy recent schedule that had left her "exhausted" but she was recently seen driving in the grounds of Windsor. tweeted. "Here's a brief sum-

"Blah, Blah, Blah": Activist Greta **Thunberg On UN Climate Deal**

SWEDEN: UN Secretary General Antonio Guterres warned of an impending "climate catastrophe", while environmental campaigner Greta Thunberg Saturday's COP26 climate conference deal as "blah, blah,

tancing, improved ventila-

tion, and other measures.

And even those who welcomed the deal in Glasgow said a huge amount of work remained to be done.

Guterres acknowledged the shortcomings of the agreement, in a statement following the deal reached on Saturday evening at the Glasgow conference. "The #COP26 outcome is a compromise, reflecting the interests, contradictions and state of political will in the world today," he tweeted.

"It's an important step, but it's not enough."

"Our fragile planet is hanging by a thread", he warned, adding "we are still knocking on the door of climate catastrophe." In a follow-up tweet, the UN chief sent a message to "young people, indigenous communities, women leaders, all those leading on #ClimateAction."

"I know you might be disappointed. But we're in the fight of our lives & this fight must be won." Thunberg, arguably the

world's best known environmental campaigner, was more blunt in her assessment. "The #COP26 is over," she

Celsius".

delegates to the conference

made progress on commit

mary: Blah, blah, blah. "But the real work continues outside these halls. And

we will never give up, ever." During the conference, Thunberg and other activists had denounced the way it was playing out, arguing that world leaders had failed to match their words with real

'Hard work ahead' British Prime Minister Boris Johnson remained relatively upbeat. "There is still a huge

amount more to do in the

coming years," Johnson said. "But today's agreement is a big step forward and, critically, we have the first ever international agreement to phase down coal and a roadmap to limit global warming to 1.5

A European Commission statement said the deal kept the targets of the 2015 Paris climate agreement alive, "giving us a chance of limiting global warming to 1.5 degrees

Commission President Ursula von der Leyen said

ments to cut back on dangerous emissions, and on raising \$100 billion a year to help developing and vulnerable countries. "But there will be no time to relax: there is still hard work ahead," she added.

During the final negotiations, China and India insisted that language on fossil fuels be weakened in the final summit decision text. In recent days, the Australian government has vowed to sell coal for decades to come.

But Kevin Rudd, Australia's former prime minister, now the president of the Asia Society, remained hopeful.

"While the official text might have stopped short of agreeing to phase out coal, the statements made by world leaders in Glasgow leave no doubt that coal is on its way to being consigned to history."

dent Alok Sharma, the long, drawn-out negotiations had taken a toll. "I apologise for the way

For Britain's COP26 presi-

this process has unfolded, said Sharma, as the final deal was

Krebs said he, too, had hacker from outside. ed with a barrage of reports **US Warns China Over Pressure On** Taiwan Ahead Of Biden-Xi Summit



world's

China's military last month made a record number of incursions into the island's air defense zone. Washington has repeatedly

The State Department said Monday's summit "presents an opportunity for the two leaders to discuss how to responsibly manage competition between the United States and the PRC while working together in areas